IN REVOLT AGAINST HEARST.

M, O. LEAGUE DECIDES TO CUT LOOSE FROM HIM.

Denounced as a Boss and as Under the Domination of the Glisey House Clique -Lively Meeting in Brooklyn Demands Open Convention and No Bosses.

The Committee of One Hundred, composed of members of the various Municipal Ownership League organizations in New York, decided by almost a unanimous vote last night to break away from Hearstism and the Gilsey House clique and to start out on their own hook so as to be absolutely rid of bosses of all kinds. It was one of the most enthusiastic political gatherings held in Brooklyn for many months.

The meeting was held in the Imperial, Fulton street and Red Hook lane, and was called to hear the report of the committee of eleven recently appointed to wait or Mr. Hearst. Deputy County Clerk Bela Tokaji of Brooklyn called the meeting to order, and Col. Frederick Kay Porter was made permanent chairman. The report of the committee of eleven was then read: In referring to the meeting between the committee and Mr. Hearst the report

"Mr. Tokaji, in addressing Mr. Hearst,

"I need not go into any detail of the work of the campaign of last year. There was not even the nucleus of a hving organization until we provided and perfected the organization. I, wrote to you letters which I believed important and mailed them to San Francisco and received no answer Mr. Hearst said: "I never received them." Mr. Tokaji continued: 'Neither my friends nor myself received the slightest recognition. or even courtesy from your committee or the men who styl themselves your committee. I will not be bossed or dictated to by Mr. Ihmson or any other man. We gave our money, our labor and our time for the cause of municipal ownership, which then was, or I supposed it to be, your cause We secured a great vote for the ticket upon which you were a candidate. We contend for the right effect government, but we this committee to pledge to you the loyalty seem to have exchanged Damocratic and of the district as the leader of the Bepublican bosses for Boss Ihmsen and the little bosses who surround him.'

"Mr. Oates then addressed Mr. Hearst and in no uncertain way described to him the conduct of the men at the Gilsey House and without mincing his woods pointed out the injurious character of their actions and the results that would surely follow unless they were checked, and demanded of Mr. Hearst that he inquire into the charges made against the Gibery House committee, and that if they were found to be true then Mr. Hearst should decapitate them.

'Mr. Hearst, in reply to Mr. Oates, alleged that no one was under salary, that the men in charge at the Gilsey House and their actions were entirely satisfactory to him and that he would decapitate no one, that he believed that these men were doing the best they could, that the position was a difficult one, and that he would personally give his attention to the matter in question; but it is to be noted that Mr. Hearst was to promise any diminution of the evils against which your committee was instructed to protest. As to the last word of the committee, Col. Porter earnestly urged upon Mr. Hearst that he personally investigate the actions of the Gilsey House clique, and said to him that the men at the Gilsey House are being paid in money for their services or they are serving in the expectation of nomination to high offices. which nominations will be of great value to them. To these words Mr. Hearst made

no reply."

In speaking to the report Gen. Robert Avery said: "I have to utter my protest against the tyrannical power usurped by this man [meaning Hearst]. This committee was turned down by Mr. Hearst worse than any men were ever turned down. We, who object to bossism, do not intend to place o irselves under such a boss or a sub-boss as Ihmsen. You have lost the man you thought was a leader. It was only man you thought was a leader. It was only
a dream. We will have no kings, no runlers.
We will now save ourselves. You will make
the blunder of your lives if you longer
follow the man who became your leader
only to betray you." [Cheers.]

A. M. De Beck of Manhattan followed

and caused great enthusiasm by a speech de manding an open convention and denounc-ing boss rule. Assembly man Charles Camp-bell of The Bronk referred to Mr. Hears as a man with a swelled head and as emas a man with a swelled head and as employing others to run his papers. "This man Hearst," he said, "thought he was the whole thing and was going from step to step to get the presidency of the United States. He paid delegates to go to the last Democratic national convention, hoping to get the nomination. We relied ing to get the nomination. We relied upon him because he controlled newspapers. We knew all the time he wasn't qualified for any place. Do you suppose Hearst wants to be Governor just for the

office?"
Cries of "No, No!"
"This Gilsey House clique and Hearst have no use for any man who can think," the speaker continued. "Tear down the organization. That is what we did up in organization. That is what we did up in The Bronx last night and we disbanded the organization and tore down the banner." [Cheers.]

Mr. Sullivan then offered a resolution that owing to the tyrannical action of Hearst and his Gilsey House clique, the Committee of One Hundred withdraw from any further action toward bringing about the nomina-tion of W. R. Hearst, but to do all in its power to bring about the nomination of Justice William J. Gaynor. At this the delegates were on them feet some pro-testing and others cheering. Then Mr. De Beck of Manhattan offered an amendment that a committee to be appointed by the chair be authorized to confer with candidates for nomination for State officers,

who are opposed to bossism.

This called for another uprising. After a bitter controversy the mover of the resolution accepted the amendment offered by Mr. De Beck and it was carried.

"Mr. Hearst got all that was coming to him," said one of the committee of eleven.

"We will now work for Municipal ownership and we will have nothing to do with the so-called Independence League." so-called Independence League.".
efore the meeting adjourned it was decided to appoint a delegate from each
Assembly district in Greater New York
for the purpose of placing in the field under
the Municipal Ownership League candidates for office from the Governor down. It was also decided to use the emblem of the scales which belongs to the Municipal Ownership League and not to the Independence League

LITTLE TIM HAILS SULZER As a Compromise Candidate Between

Jerome and Hearst. Little Tim Sullivan at the City Hall yesterday pushed along the boom Coroner Harburger started for Sulzer for Governor. "I'm serious; I mean it," Little Tim said when one of his hearers began to grin. He would make a good compromise candidate and would poll a big vocation. Bryan lost in Sulzer's district in 1896 and 1900, but Billy won out and was to Congress in both years. Bryan

1896 and 1900, but Billy won out and was elected to Congress in both years. Bryan and Hearst are only repeating in their programmes the radical issues advocated years ago by Sulzer.

"In the Democratic State convention of 1896 Sulzer received 92 votes for the nomination for Governor, and if Tammany had supported him he would have been nominated. In the last few years he has toned down a little in his or injury, and is not so construction as Hearst and is not so construction as Japane. Conand is not so conservative as Jaconse. Con-sequently, we think her mould be accept-able to the State convenion as a com-promise candidate who would bring the two wings of the party into mannery."

Seeing New York Yacht

ENCIRCLES the ISLAND of MANHATTAN showing the Statue of Liberty, Battery, Casile Garden, Hudson, North, East and Harling Rivers, Spuyten Duwit Helicate, Hinek well's lisiand, Palisades of the Tridson Hiver, Terrey City, Brooklyn, Harlem, Brons, Fligh Bridge, Junel Mansion, the Commerce and Great Shipping interests, Ocean Liners, the Navy Yard and thousands of other objects of interest, HUNDREDN OF POINTS OF INTEREST EXPLAINED EN ROUTE
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COL. MIKE DADY TO BE EXILED

WOODRUFF READS HIM OUT OF THE PARTY ORGANIZATION.

Next Year the Colonel to Lose Even His Own District-"Bob" Sharkey's Setback Elates Woodruff and Followers -Col. Dady Says He's Still in the Ring.

There was much jubilation yesterday at Republican headquarters in the Temple Bar Building in Brooklyn over the action of the district committee and election district captains in the Fifth Assembly district on Friday night in unanimously upholding the stand of ex-Lieut.-Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff as the leader of the county or ganization, in spite of the efforts of ex-Naval Officer Robert A. Sharkey, the executive committeeman in the district, to place it in the camp of Field Marshal Mike Dady, now in revolt against Mr. Woodruff's régime.

First Deputy Collector of the Port William C. Cloyes headed a delegation from the district, which called on Mr. Woodruff to assure him of its loyalty to the organization. Mr. Cloyes said:

"Mr. Woodruff, the Republicans of the Fifth Assembly district have instructed this committee to pledge to you the loyalty can organization of this county. We wish to pledge the delegates from our district to the State convention to an unconditional support of yourself and the Kings county organization in everything that it does. We wish further to pledge our district to a complete and perpetual loyalty to your leadership in this county. I know that Mr. Sharkey agrees with and indorses everything that I have said."

Mr. Cloyes and the other members of the lelegation denied that they had been forced into line by the pressure of Federal office-

Mr. Woodruff, after expressing his satisfaction at the action of the Fifth Assembly district Republicans, made this address,

consigning Col. Dady to political oblivion: "I wish to say that Mr. Dady, by committing an act of open hostility to the organization in establishing opposition headquarters and by attempting to undermine and disrupt the organization, has put himextremely careful at no time and in no way | self down, now and forever, as outside the Republican organization of Kings county

"It is too late to fight Dady in the First Assembly district at the coming primaries, but Mr. Dady has forfeited his leadership of the district and it will be taken from him next year. I make this statement after a good deal of thought and consultation. The step I take in declaring Mr. Dady out of the organization is the only thing that I can do as the recognized leader of the organization. It is not my opinion alone, but that of the great majority of the district leaders, that Mr. Dady has left no other course open to us."

Later Mr. Woodruff predicted that the

only district against him at the primaries would be the First, Col. Dady's own bailiwick. Mr. Woodruff said that the impres sion that he was committed to the candidacy of Gov. Higgins or any other man was utterly false. "I am as free," he said, "to support Mr. Hughes as Gov. Higgins. I am as free to support Mr. Fish or Mr. Brackeit or Mr. Stevens or Mr. Choate as any one else is to support either one." Col. Dady was evidently disappointed

over the setback received by his friend Sharkey in the Fifth district, but accounted for it by the interference of the Federal officeholders.

"The entire force of the Federal Government," the set of the beautiful that here because the second of the federal force of the federal fe

ment," he said, "has been brought to bear upon this local fight. I recognize Mr. Woodruff as the present leader of the Re-publican organization of Kings county, but after the primaries he will no longer

Col. Dady declares that he has no intention to make a bid for the leadership him-self, nor would be indicate his choice for the job. The suggestion that he had former Sheriff William J. Buttling in training as successor to Mr. Woodruff he pronunced ridiculous. Friends of Mr. Buttling say that the ex-Sheriff has no intention whatever of reentering the political arena.

NEGROES FOR MIKE DADY.

Colored Contingent in His District Denounces Higgins's Administration.

The negro voters of the First Assembly district of Kings county, in which there are more colored voters than in any other of the districts in the county, have effected an organization among themselves and issued an address to the other colored voters of the county protesting against the renomination of Gov. Higgins. They condemn his administration as "insolen and silent to the interests of the colored voters of the State of New York." The organization indorses the course of

Col. Dady in his attempt to secure the nomination of Charles E. Hughes as the Republican nominee for Governor, and demands Mr. Hughes's nomination, or that of some man of his calibre.

linder the recent reapportionment law in Kings county the leaders there put nearly all of the colored voters that were in the old Tenth district into Col. Dady's district, as the colored leaders of the old Tenth kept the white leaders in hot water every year by the persistency of their demands for recognition. Mr. Woodruff was of the opinion that by putting them in Dady's district they would be absorbed.

The colored voters resented this treatment on Mr. Woedruff's part, and they are now appealing to the colored voters oughout the county to assist in putting. Woodruff out of business in his efforts Mr. Woodruff out of business in his case, to carry the primaries. The afficers of the organization are: President, R. E. Waddell; vice-president, Col. Pierre Zeno; D. Nixon: treasurer, W. H.

NO MONEY FOR WATER BOARD.

CITY CAN'T SELL THE BONDS AND MAY HAVE TO STOP WORK.

a Court Staff of Engineers and Has Awartled Contracts for Borings Conmissioners Don't Knew What to De and Will Appeal to the Mayor.

Because of the failure of the Comptroller to sell the new water supply bonds the likelihood is that the Board of Water Sup-ply will have to cease work for a while. The board was appointed to provide the eity with an additional water supply and it has prepared plans for bringing water from the Catskills. It has been estimated that the cost of the project will be about \$161,000,000. 'The board has already spent about \$500,000 in preliminary work and expected to let a contract for the building of one of the sections of the big conduit in November next. The cost of this work would be between \$7,000,000 and \$8,000,000.

Comptroller Metz said yesterday that there was no possibility of proceeding with this plan, because he foresaw that under the provisions of the act creating the board it would be impossible for him to raise the money needed by the board.

"I intend to have a conference on the situation on Monday with the Mayor," Mr. Metz said, "and to impress the fact upon him that a serious situation has arisen with regard to the water board which must have serious attention. At the last bond sale it was shown that investors would not buy the water stock. Under the act the bonds must be short term bonds, limited to twenty years, and the city must not pay more than 4 per cent., no matter what exigencies may arise.

"At the bond sale last July I offered \$500,000 worth of the water bonds and the only bid I received was one for \$100 at a fraction above par. Investors in municipal bonds do not care for short term city stock, and moreover there seems to be a desire on the part of financiers to avoid dealing with them, because they are not as well secured as the ordinary corporate stock.

"It is provided in the act that the water bonds shall not be included in the debt limit, and it is probable that this may have had something to do with the failure of the July issue. But, anyway, it is clear that under present conditions the water bonds will not sell, and it is clear also that the board will have to stop work until something is done.

"What that something shall be I am not repared to suggest now. On Monday intend to go into the matter with the Mayor and I may have a statement to make terward.
"Undoubtedly there will have to be some

be necessary to increase the term of the bonds and to make them more attractive to investors by giving the Finance Department discretionary powers in the matter of interest to be paid on the bonds. matter of interest to be paid on the bonds. To my mind it is an outrage to ask one generation to bear the entire cost of an improvement of which the succeeding generation will have the benefit. It is not fair to expect that the cost of this great work shall be borne entirely by the taxpayers of the next twenty years."

At the offices of the water board it was admitted yesterday that the Comptroller had informed the Commissioners that they could expect no money from him under existing conditions and that they would have to shut up shop for the time being. The notice they have received from the Comptroller has put them in a quandary.

The notice they have received from the Comptroller has put them in a quandary. Since the beginning of the year they have got together an extremely expensive staff. Because of the high salaries they are paying they have practically robbed the other city departments of all the best engineers in the municipal employ, and they have also been extremely generous in the raising of salaries of the clerical staff.

The money for all this has some from the

The money for all this has come from the Sinking Fund Commission, which has up to date purchased about \$600,000 worth of the water bonds. It is understood that the Sinking Fund Commission is not prepared to advance further money and so complex are the conditions facing to complex are the conditions facing the board that Thomas Hassett, the secretary the commission, was directed to see the Mayor as soon as possible after his arrival home for the purpose of seeking advice as to the course the board ought to take.

as to the course the board ought to take.

The commissioners are without money and without prospect of getting any. They have let contracts for borings on land and diamond drillings in the bed of the Hudson River. The extent of their payroll may be gauged from the fact that the board has in its employ more than 100 engineers alone whose salaries amount to about \$450.000 a year.

about \$450.000 a year.

Mr. Metz said yesterday that so far as he could see there would have to be a temporary laying off of a large number of these porary laying off of a large number of the engineers and he hinted that if his advice were followed the amendments which he insists must be made in the act would perinsists must be made in the act would perinsists must be made in the act would perinsists must be made in the act would perinsist must be made in the act would perinsist must be made in the act would be act with the act would be act with the a

BOOM FOR WAINWRIGHT.

Move to Nominate Westchester Assembly man for Lieutenant-Governor.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 8.-It is reported here to-day that the Westchester delegation to the Republican State convention may present the name of Assemblyman J. Mayhew Wainwright for Lieutenant-Governor. Mr. Wainwright is an intimate friend of Herbert Parsons of New York county, and it is reported that he can have the backing of the delegates of New York county if he decides to be a candidate.

At the last session of the Legislature Mr. Wainwright was chairman of the Committee on Banking, where he made a creditable record. 'Mr. Wainwright is a grandson of Bishop Wainwright of New York and was until lately Lieutenant-Colonel of the 128th Regiment. He was the author of the bill which permitted the New York Central Railroad company to adopt electricity as a motive power in the Park avenue tunnel.

VOORHEES TO LEAD.

Magistrate to Head Democratic Regular Ticket in the Mckane Balliwick.

City Magistrate Voorhees has been selected as the leader of the regular Democratic forces in the Sixteenth Assembly district, Brooklyn, in which Coney Island is included, and Senator P. H. Mc-Carren has indorsed him. Ex-Justice Kenneth F. Sutherland, however, is generally regarded as the real Democratic chieftain in the old dominions of John Y.

McKane.
Sutherland will throw all his influence for the ticket headed by Voorhees at the coming primaries. Magistrate Voorhees's competitor in the race is Sheriff Michael J. Flaherty, who will be backed by the anti-McCarren Democrats and the followers of Hearst. A lively primary fight is certain.

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THE LABOR PARTY AND HEARST. If He Wants Its Support He Must Say Where He Stands Mighty Soon.

Whatever influence the Independent Labor party may have in the campaign this year will depend a good deal on the attitude of Mr. Hearst and the Independence League. The members of the executive committee of the Central Federated Union, who framed the platform of the new party say that at least 70 per cent. of Mr. Hearst's vote for Mayor came from the working people, but that unless Mr. Hearst speaks out soon and says what he is going to subscribe to the labor men will not support him this year. At the same time they talk as if Mr. Hearst could have the nomination of the labor party for Governor if he would undertake to subscribe to its

They do not blame Mr. Hearst so much as his managers. They are much wrought up by an appeal to union labor issued under the name of Max Ihmsen inviting them to join the league if they believe in its principles and advising them to join it as the party for workingmen.
"If this appeal is genuine and has really

been sent out by Mr. Hearst's managers, said Henry DeVeaux of the executive committee, "then it is time for Mr. Hearst to declare himself. This makes it appear as if the league was an opposition party to the Independent Labor party." Asked if the workingmen who supported

Mr. Hearst last year would not be likely to support him again, he said: "Not until he gets rid of his present managers. If he continues his present managers 95 per cent. of the working men,

union and non-union, will vote against him. If he is going to get the support of the workingmen he will have to say what his exact sentiments are. The Independence League is not an independent labor party and does not appeal to the workingmen. If Mr. Hearst is the nominee of the league

If Mr. Hearst is the nominee of the league with its present management in power he will be badly left."

Ernest Bohm, secretary of the Independent Labor party, was inclined to be more hopeful about Mr. Hearst. He was asked if the Independent Labor party could nominate or indorse Mr. Hearst.

"Strictly speaking, no," he said. "He would have to subscribe to the principles of our party."

of our party."
"Do you think he would be likely to do

"That remains to be seen," he said. "He has not spoken much for himself yet."

James H. Hatch, chairman of the executive committee, said yesterday that he did not want it to be understood that the party would not indorse Mr. Hearst. He did not want to commit himself to any resisting. want to commit himself to any positive statement, but he said it was very possible that the convention might indorse Mr.

Hearst because he was an independent candidate and friendly to labor. Some of the Socialists in the Central Fed-Some of the Socialists in the Central Federated Union say they will stand by the new party. Others declare that the Socialist party is the only party. At the last city election the Hearst movement split the Socialist vote on account of the municipal ownership plank in the Hearst platform. The platform of the new party provides that a man cannot belong to it and owe allegiance to any other party.

GRIGGS DOESN'T GIVE UP FIGHT.

He Denies That Any Branch of Deme eratic Headquarters Has Been Closed. WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.-The Hon, James

M. Griggs of Georgia, chairman of the Democratic Congress committee, is out in a prepared statement to-day in which he says that various things tend to the conclusion that the Republicans are scared half to death. Mr. Griggs declares that the Democratic literary bureau hasn't shut down, but has merely decreased its force He also refuses to allow President Roose-

velt to be the issue of the Congress campaign. Mr. Griggs wrote on the type-writer as follows:

"All this talk about the closing of any branch of the Democratic national head-quarters is utterly without foundation.

The press bureau in this city, under Robert Miller, which has been conducted by the national committee for several years, is still at work getting out its regular supply of matter for the Democratic press throughout the country. The force was the country. The force was decreased a day or two ago simply because the additional work of compiling data for the campaign book under the supervision of this committee, which had been put upon that bureau, was completed, and there was therefore no longer any necessity for the services of these proper. That is

for the services of these people. That is all there is to the alleged incident.

"The efforts of the Republicans to make the President the sole issue of this campaign is significant and will prove futile.

"It would appear from the frantic efforts of certain distinguished Recubilism. of certain distinguished Republican speak ers to make the President the Issue that they are ashamed of the record of the Republican House of Representatives. I do not know how this is myself, and therefore do not charge that they are ashamed of it; but, if they are not, why should they so earnestly pursue the policy of ignoring the record of that body and attempting to hide healing the President?

behind the President?

"While in New York recently, at the reception of Mr. Bryan, I met Democrats from all over the country, and have never seen them more determined, earnest and

hopeful.

"Mr. Bryan will take part in the campaign and will speak where he can do the most good for the party."

IT WAS BILL SMITH'S DAY. Republicans of the Twenty-third Whoop

It Up for Him The Sterling Republican Club of the Twenty-third Assembly district gathered yesterday at College Point to shout, eat and shout some more in a great outburst of enthusiasm for William H. Smith, candidate for leader of the Twenty-third.

Six hundred and eighty-seven Republicans and two German bands boarded the steamer Glen at the foot of West 129th street at 9 o'clock in the morning. When the boat got back late at night it had an extra load, distributed unevenly among the est original starters and 200 more who got to

the picnic ground later in the day. The crowning feature of the day was baseball game. Attorney-General Julius M. Mayer selected nine skilful men to uphold the side of the bachelors, while Congressman William S. Bennet captained the cohorts of the home. It was a close game for three innings, and then there appeared on the grounds 100 girls on a button factory outing. The married men went all to pieces after this. The bachelors won by a score of

The sensation of the afternoon came i the fat men's quarter mile race, when W. J Placeburn, weight 288 pounds, pulled ahead of his two opponents and made a new cor-pulence record, covering the 880 yards in

minutes 43 seconds.

The clambake dinner began at 5 o'clock. with more than 900 at the tables. Between the oysters and the fish William H. Smith made a short speech, of which possibly two men heard anything at all.

GREEN GOES ON TEXAS TICKET.

Attorney-General Reverses Ruling as Reorganized Republicans

Dalas, Tex., Sept. 8 .- M. T. Gentry, chairman of the Dallas county reorganized Republican committee, received information to-night that the Attorney-General to-day reversed his ruling of two weeks ago, and that the State ticket of the re-organized Republicans, with E. H. R. Green as candidate for Governor, can go on the official ballot for the State election next November.

The State executive committee is to meet in Dallas on Tuesday next and the campaign will be opened September 15.

The irresistible progress of Pianola popularity has carried music into thousands of homes where the love of music heretofore remained unsatisfied, because of the absence of an accomplished pianist,

The steadily increasing demand for Pianolas indicates that many more thousands of music lovers will find this means of pleasure a necessity during the coming months and years. I

Is it not to the interest of EVERY music lover to investigate this wonderful instrument NOW instead of procrastinating at the expense of many hours of the utmost enjoyment which might be inaugurated AT ONCE through the possession

Why longer deny yourself the supreme pleasure of having music WHEN YOU WILL? Why longer delay entering this world of enjoyment where so many ardent but unskilled music lovers are gratifying to the fullest their music hunger?

Moriz Rosenthal The Great Austrian Pianist

Pronounces THE PIANOLA

"Vastly Superior to All Other Piano-playing Devices"

The carefully considered words of the famous "Wizard of the Key-board:"

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY. NEW YORK.

Gentlemen :

Several years ago I expressed to you my admiration of your most ingenious invention. Since then you have made many improvements upon the Pianola, the most important of which however is the Metrostyle.

You have through these improvements placed the Pianola in a class of its own and I am firmly convinced that the Pianola with Metrostyle is vastly superior to all other piano-playing devices which I have seen.

With best wishes for your continued success, Very truly yours,

MORIZ ROSENTHAL MENTON, February 17th, 1906.



INTEREST in American musical circles now centers upon the coming tour of the wonderful Rosenthal, who is already booked for an unprecedented number of concerts in the principal cities of this country.

The opinions of this marvellous pianist upon any musical matters are received universally with the greatest consideration and respect.

> That he should consider the Pianola worthy of emphatic recommendation to the public is a matter of general interest. But that he should go further, stating his firm conviction that it is so vastly superior to all other instruments as to be in a class by itself will be accepted as the final word of authority from one who is himself the supreme master of the key-board and who has demonstrated in his own person the extreme human possibilities of pianoforte playing.

The AEOLIAN CO., Aeolian Hall, 362 FIFTH AVENUE Near 34th St., NEW YORK

MORE OF HIPPLE'S RASCALITY.

FORGED BUSINESS MEN'S NAMES | Electric Company, and this gave him the FOR THOUSANDS.

Worked Endless Chain of Bogus Notes on Other Employees of Bank-Presbyterlans Stand to Lose \$400,000-Depositors Refuse Reorganization Plan.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8.-Further disosures of the magnitude of Hipple's bank looting were made to-day by District Attorney Bell.

It was Hipple's ambition to own a com-

plete city. To gratify this he financed, to the extent of at least \$2,000,000, the creation of the town of New Alexandria, just outside of Alexandria, Va. All this money was taken from the Real Estate Trust Company. It has been discovered that he took old paid off bonds of the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Electric Company and used them, not only in his own company, as collateral for loans, but in other trusting concerns as well. One transaction involving \$65,000 was unearthed by the District Attorney's probe to-day.

It transpires, too, that Hipple was a gigantic forger. By a unique system he used the names of the biggest men in Philadelphia on notes varying from \$10,000 to \$50,000, and amounting in all to more than \$200,000. Besides these, he put mythical names to notes and realized more than \$500,000 on them.

District Attorney Bell ran across Hipple's town by the discovery of one transaction with the company. The president had loaned himself \$133,000, giving as security \$150,000, face value, of bonds of the Alexandria Land and River Improvement Company, which was the name of the concern building New Alexandria. The bonds if realized upon then might possibly have brought \$10,000. Nominally Hipple was the secretary of the company. Really, he was



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the total loss to Presbyterian institutions. It represents only the actual loss to the executive body of the church. When the total loss to Presbyterian organizations, boards, churches, pastors, &c., is computed it will reach nearly \$400,000. Depositors to-day refused the directors plan of reorganization, which provided for an issue of preferred stock to depositors in the place of their deposits and a mortgage on the Real Estate Trust's property at Broad and Chestnut streets and the profits for ten years from the trust accounts. By this plan the depositors figured that

the business men with whom he dealt in Virginia. He was also trustee for the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon opportunity to work his swindle with the

paid bonds In the stated case found to-day Hipple made a loan of \$65,000 to himself and as security gave the trust company 6 per cent. bonds of the Electric Company of a par value of \$48,000. But the whole issue had been paid off and was worth less than confederate money. Just who passed on these old bonds District Attorney Bell is trying to find out, and as a result of his discovery a number of officers of other banks who had dealings with Hipple will spend Sunday looking through their se-

curities. The next issue of bonds of the Electric Company, the 5s, are still running and selling at par. None of these is among

the collateral As for Hipple's system of forgery, it could readily have been continued for a long time without discovery. He had taken copies of the signatures of a number of the most prominent business men of Philadelphia while their checks were passing through the bank, but in every instance he avoided the use of the name of a deposi-

tor of the Real Estate Trust Company. When pinched for money Hipple would draw up a note, forge the signature, take it to the cashier or paying teller, inform him that he had personally made the loan, and to put in the account as a discounted paper. With this amount to his credit he would satisfy the claim that was pressing him

For this branch of the business Hipple kept a private book, in which he entered the amounts of the forged notes and when they became due, and at no time did he allow one of these spurious papers to get away from him. He always explained to the employee of the bank who cashed the note that it was a private matter between the maker its promoter and was known as the "religof the note and himself and that he desired it to be entered as such, 'When the bogus note became due Hipple invaria bly either met it with some of the Segal paper, or if this was not expedient he would make out another note with the forged signature of some other business man.

Incidentally Hipple had been so con-

sciencious in looting the trust company that when a balance of \$11,000 remained out of a loan sunk into one of Segal's enter-prises he carefully placed that amount in the bank to his own account

the bank to his own account.

The trustees of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church have issued an authoritative statement giving the loss in the crash of the Real Estate Trust Company The \$49,000 does not, of course, include the total loss to Presbyterian institutions

they would get preferred stock of a diswould have no capital. On the other hand, the directors, directors, through whose negligence worse the bank was looted, would get for the \$3,000,000 they put up one of the most valuable properties in Philadelphia, and all the profits of the biggest end of the

and all the profits of the biggest end of the new company.

Receiver Earle announced to-night the abandonment of the plan. He is preparing, however, a new one. It does not have in it the objectionable prefer ed stock clause and it will provide for adequate capitalization and the directors must pay their score without guarantee. He is not hopeful.

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BEERS -- At Beers Place, Far Rockaway Sept. 6 Robert Abernethy Beers. Funeral private. Interment Woodlawn. Flowers

DIED.

respectfully declined. KENSETT .- After a brief illness, Gertrude W Kensett, wife of the late Thomas Kensett of Baltimore, Md.

Services at her residence, Homeland, Cornwall on Hudson, N. Y., on Sunday. Train leaves foot of West 42d st. at 11:35 A. M. DD.-Friday, Sept. 7, Minnie Nexson, wife of

William J. Ladd, at her late residence, Upper Montelair, N. J. Funeral services at Grace Reformed Church corner Lincoln road and Bedford av., Flatbush

Brooklyn, Sunday, 5 o'clock. PURRINGTON .- At Atlantic City, on Sept. & Amelia Josephine Archer, widow of Tobias Interment private. REUSS .- William, suddenly, on Friday, Sept. 1

Funeral services at his late residence 110; Halsey st., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Sunday, Sept at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends are respect fully invited to attend. ARICK. At Morsemere, Bergen county, on Sept. 8, 1906, William Woolsey Varick

aged 36 years.

venience of family

son of the late Theodore R. and Adella J. V. of Jersey City, aged 59 years. Relatives and friends of the family are to attend the funeral at the residence of h Monday, Sept. 10, at 12:30 o'clock. Train Erle depot, Jersey City, Northern Railro New Jersey, at 11:44 A. M. Interment at

UNDERTAKERS.

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